

REMOS GX – Aircraft Check-out Sheet

Na	ame	Last:	First:		
Ce	ertificate #		Medical Exp:		
Ce	ertificates Held		Ratings:		
To	otal Flight Time		On Type		
Н	ours Flown Last 90 days		On Type 90 days:		
Che	ecklists, can be used to co	omplete this workshee	ot Operating Handbook, Weight & Balance Data, and et. After completion and review by an instructor, a coprould be placed in your pilot record folder at JetEXE.		
1.	How many fuel tanks are What is the fuel capacit Total Gallons:				
	Useable Gallons:				
2.	Where are the fuel leve	l indicators?			
3.	What is the correct fuel grade? Correct fuel color?				
4.	How many fuel drains are there?				
	Where are they located	?			
5.	What is the recommend	led type and weight o	oil?		
6.	What is the minimum of	il level?			
7.	What is the recommended type of coolant fluid?				
8.	What is the minimum coolant level?				
9.	What is the aircraft empty weight?				
10.	. What is the useful load?				
11.	What is the maximum g	ross takeoff weight?			
12.	What is the minimum fl	ying weight?			
13.	What is the maximum b	aggage capacity?			
14.	What is the center of gr	avity range at maximu	m gross weight?		
15.	What type of engine do	es this aircraft have?_			

16.	What is the normal engine starting procedure?
17.	How does the start procedure differ if the engine is warm?
18.	If the engine is flooded, how do you start it?
19.	What indicates an alternator malfunction?
20.	What steps should be taken if the alternator has failed?
21.	Elaborate on occasions when the oil temperature control knob needs adjustment.
22.	What pre-flight action must be taken specifically on the first flight of the day?
23.	What type of ignition system does the engine have? Explain some major characteristics.
24.	What type of propeller does the aircraft have? If possible, when and how can it be adjusted?

25.	How do you reset the duel totalizer?	
26.	Where is the Hobbs meter?	
27.	How do you bring up the HIS on the PFD?	
	Where is the DA displayed?	
30.	How do you visually inspect the aileron connections within the cabin?	
31.	Are the rudder pedals adjustable?	
32.	How is the seat position changed? How many positions are there?	
33.	How do you bring up the flight timer on the MFD?	
34.	What are the two ways to adjust the barometric pressure setting on the PFD?	
35.	How do you bring up the menu soft keys on the PFD/MFD?	
36.	How do you reset the trip timer?	

37.	How are the flaps actuated?
38.	Where is the TAS displayed?
39.	How many modes are available on the NAV radios?
40.	List the steps required to fly direct to an airport using the GPS.
41.	How can you find the nearest airport using the GPS and direct to it?
42.	Where is the GPS/NAV annunciator button? What is it used for?
43.	What is the Go-Around Procedure?
44.	List the following speeds (KTAS): Rotation Normal Climb Best Rate of Climb Best Angle of Climb Green Arc Range
	Yellow Arc range Never Exceed Normal Approach

	Short Field Approach				
	Soft Field Approach				
	Stall: Takeoff Configuration				
	Stall: Landing Configuration				
	Flap Operating Range				
	Stall: Flaps down, 40° bank				
	Demonstrated Crosswind				
	Maneuvering Speed at maximum gross weight				
	Best Glide				
	Maximum Level Flight (V _H)				
45.	What effect does reducing gross weight have upon maneuvering speed?				
46.	Given the following: 5000 RPM, Standard Temperature, Full Tanks (Neuform Prop): Range				
	TAS				
	Fuel Consumption				
	Endurance				
	Endurance				
47.	What is the takeoff distance over a 50-foot obstacle under the following conditions (Neuform Prop): Gross takeoff weight, no wind, sea level, and standard temperature:				
	Gross takeoff weight, no wind, 5000 ft pressure altitude, 100°F temperature:				
48.	What is the landing distance over a 50-foot obstacle under the following conditions (Neuform Prop) Gross takeoff weight, no wind, sea level, 85°F temperature:				
49.	Compete a Wright & balance for the following conditions: Your Weight				
	Passenger				
	Full Fuel				
	30 lbs. Luggage				
	GTW CG				
	GTW CG				

	Is the aircraft within limits?
50.	What documents must be on board the aircraft to be operated legally?
51.	Why is there a tendency to land the Remos with the aircraft nose to the left?
52.	What is PIO and how do you correct for it?
53.	How do you correct for a balloon situation on landing?
54.	What are the landing cross wind limitations?
55.	What are the fueling differences of the Remos, as compared to a regular Cessna or Piper SE?
56.	Why do you use rudder instead of aileron to pick up the dropping wing in a stall?
57.	How do you secure the gust lock?
58.	Per our company policy, can you attack a Go Pro camera or any device to the airplane on your own? How can you film your flight?
Rev	riewed By CFI

Pilot Signature	 		
FI Remarks:			